Section 9.3

Transport Biosecurity

REFERENCED IN THIS SECTION:

Number/
Identifier Name Importance



STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

9.3 Biosecurity Transportation (to be developed by producer)

Highly recommended

SECTION 9.3

TRANSPORT BIOSECURITY

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. A transport company that participates in a transporter biosecurity program or certification program should be hired to transport pigs.
- 2. A Biosecurity Transport SOP (SOP 9.3) should be developed and include recommendations regarding the movement of:
 - a. vehicles, drivers, producers and employees within the controlled access zone (CAZ) and restricted access zone (RAZ) and between different barns and sites, and
 - b. animals entering and leaving the site.
- 3. The cleanliness of all transport vehicles should systematically be verified upon their arrival at the farm.

RATIONALE

a. Animals arriving or leaving a site represent a high risk of introducing and spreading pathogens due to possible vehicle contamination. Vehicles used for animal transport may be contaminated and can represent a significant source of pathogens for your herd.

GUIDANCE

It is recommended that the preventive measures below be followed:

- a. Designate a vehicle for specific animal movements and a vehicle to move other materials to sites. If the same vehicle must be used, clean and disinfect the vehicle before transporting pigs to avoid contamination of the pigs.
- b. Organize the movement of trucks or vehicles within each facility and between sites in order to avoid the transmission of pathogens.
- c. Test your trucks and/or trailers for different diseases (e.g., porcine epidemic diarrhea).
- d. Have a sanitation procedure (clean, wash, disinfect and dry) for vehicles entering the site.
- Implement a sanitary protocol for the driver (boot and outerwear change, washing of hands, etc.). Drivers should be trained on the protocols to be followed when loading or unloading at the farm.
- Establish an appropriate downtime (cleaning) period for trucks and vehicles.
- Ensure that delivery or hauling trucks do not visit other premises before entering your site.
- h. Ensure that delivery or hauling trucks do not contain any other sources of pigs on board the same trailer.
- Ensure that the truck receiving pigs is empty and clean upon arrival at the site.
- Design loading-unloading docks so that the trucks at risk do not come in direct contact with the building. There are other options, such as truck-to-truck transfer.
- k. Have a procedure for the producer and employees to avoid contact with the livestock trailer.
- Clean vehicles between the transportation of pigs to avoid cross-contamination from manure left on trucks.

? BIOSECURITY QUESTIONS

Q#	Importance	Biosecurity Questions		No	N/A	Comments
Q9.3.1	Highly recommended	Is the company that is being used to transport pigs participating in a transporter biosecurity or certification program?				
Q9.3.2		Is a Biosecurity Transport SOP (SOP 9.3) in place to pre- introducing or transmitting pathogens to the site receiv animals? Does it include requirements regarding the:				
		 a. movement of vehicles, drivers, producers and employees within the controlled access zone and restricted access zone (between sites)? 				
		b. movement of animals entering and leaving the site?				
		c. downtime period for truck cleaning?				
		d. truck sanitation program (washing, cleaning, disinfecting and drying)?				
Q9.3.3		Is the cleanliness of all transport vehicles systematically verified upon their arrival at the farm?				

N/A = not applicable; SOP = standard operating procedure

NOTES			