Section 8.5

Pig Health Management and Vaccination

REFERENCED IN THIS SECTION:

Number/ Identifier	Name	Importance
STANDARD	O OPERATING PROCEDURE	
8.5	Pig Health Management SOP (to be developed by producer)	Highly recommended
RECORD		
R-M	Mortality Record	Mandatory

SECTION 8.5

PIG HEALTH MANAGEMENT AND VACCINATION

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. A Pig Health Management SOP should be developed in consultation with your licensed veterinarian and include details about the following:
 - a. measures to control endemic disease transmission to healthy pigs on the farm
 - b. measures to prevent the impact of disease within the farm
 - c. all movement of pigs based on health status (within and between sites)
 - d. measures for segregating, treating and monitoring pigs, according to their condition (requirement of section 7.6)
 - e. vaccination programs aimed at making pigs more resistant to infection
 - f. the Mortality Record (requirement of section 6.3)
- 2. Medications should be stored in a manner that prevents contamination and maintains integrity.

RATIONALE

- a. Sick pigs are a main source of pathogenic agents. These can spread disease between pigs, from one site to another and from one region to another.
- b. The proper movement of pigs within the farm is important to prevent disease transmission from sick pigs to healthy ones.
- c. Placing sick pigs in hospital pens is important for proper animal care and monitoring.
- d. Swine immunization strategies are important for reducing the outbreak and spread of disease.
- e. The Mortality Record is important to keep track of herd mortality and for reporting to a licensed veterinarian if mortality becomes unusual.

GUIDANCE

It is recommended that the preventive measures below be followed:

- a. Control exposure of new incoming pigs to local resident pigs and microflora.
- b. Clean, wash and disinfect pig pens or facilities before pigs are introduced onto the site.
- c. Develop a written plan with a licensed veterinarian to quickly handle a disease outbreak. This plan should also include controlled exposure and acclimatization after the quarantine period.
- d. Transfer sick pigs to a hospital pen. This pen must be laid out and equipped so that it ensures the pigs' comfort and makes it possible to verify the condition of the pigs.
- e. Work with healthy pigs first and then proceed to work with sicker pigs. When a pig is taken to a hospital pen, do not bring it back to its original room.
- f. Record the treatments given to the pigs according to PigSAFE | PigCare program requirements and recommendations.
- g. Have an appropriate immunization strategy within each site that includes exposing incoming pigs to the local resident pigs.
- h. Keep immunizations records.
- Follow the vaccination program established with your licensed veterinarian and follow the recommendations on the use and handling of vaccines.

? BIOSECURITY QUESTIONS

Q#	Importance	Biosecurity Questions	Yes	No	N/A	Comments	
Q8.5.1	Highly recommended	Is there a Pig Health Management SOP in place that includes:					
		a. measures to control endemic disease transmission to healthy pigs on the farm					
		b. measures to prevent the impact of disease within the farm					
		c. all movement of pigs based on health status (within and between sites)					
		 d. measures for segregating, treating and monitoring pigs, according to their condition 					
		e. vaccination programs aimed at making pigs more resistant to infection					
		f. the Mortality Record					
Q8.5.2		Are medications stored in a manner that prevents contamination and maintains integrity?					

N/A = not applicable; SOP = standard operating procedure